

For Prescribers - New Limits on Prescription Opioids for Acute Pain

Updated 8/17/2017

Effective August 31, 2017, the State of Ohio will have new rules for prescribing opioid analgesics for the treatment of acute pain. Please be advised, these rules **DO NOT** apply to the use of opioids for the treatment of chronic pain.

In general, the rules limit the prescribing of opioid analgesics for acute pain, as follows:

- **1.** No more than seven days of opioids can be prescribed for adults.
- **2.** No more than five days of opioids can be prescribed for minors and only after the written consent of the parent or guardian is obtained.
- **3.** Health care providers may prescribe opioids in excess of the day supply limits only if they provide a specific reason in the patient's medical record.
- **4.** Except as provided for in the rules, the total morphine equivalent dose (MED) of a prescription for acute pain cannot exceed an average of 30 MED per day.
- **5.** The new limits do not apply to opioids prescribed for cancer, palliative care, end-of-life/hospice care or medication-assisted treatment for addiction.
- **6.** The rules apply to the first opioid analgesic prescription for the treatment of an episode of acute pain.

NOTE: These rules do not apply to veterinarians.

Starting December 29, 2017, rule <u>4729-5-30</u> will require prescribers to include the first four characters (ex. M16.5) of the diagnosis code (ICD-10) or the full procedure code (Current Dental Terminology - CDT) on all opioid prescriptions, which will then be entered by the pharmacy into Ohio's prescription monitoring program, <u>OARRS</u>. This requirement will take effect for all other controlled substance prescriptions on June 1, 2018. **NOTE:** This requirement does not apply to veterinarians.



Starting December 29, 2017, rule <u>4729-5-30</u> will also require prescribers to indicate the days' supply on all controlled substance and gabapentin prescriptions. **NOTE:** This requirement does not apply to veterinarians.

To assist prescriber's in calculating a patient's morphine equivalent dose, the State of Ohio Board of Pharmacy has developed a conversion chart that can be accessed here: www.pharmacy.ohio.gov/MEDtable.

For additional information, please review your licensing board's respective rules and the Board of Pharmacy's manner of issuance rule:

Dental Board

■ <u>4715-6-02</u> - Prescribing opioid analgesics for acute pain

Medical Board

- 4731-11-01 Definitions (related to controlled substances)
- 4731-11-02 General provisions (related to controlled substances)
- 4731-11-13 Prescribing of opioid analgesics for acute pain

Nursing Board

 4723-9-10 - Formulary; standards of prescribing for advanced practice registered nurses designated as clinical nurse specialists, certified nursemidwives, or certified nurse practitioners.

Pharmacy Board

 4729-5-30 - Manner of issuance of a prescription. (NOTE: This rule will not go into effect until December 29, 2017. The Board has adopted a resolution regarding the diagnosis/procedure code provisions of this rule: www.pharmacy.ohio.gov/AcuteResolution)

Prescribing Opioids for the Treatment of Chronic Pain

As a reminder, Ohio developed guidelines for the treatment of chronic pain using opioids. These guidelines can be <u>accessed here</u>.

For More Information

If you are a prescriber, please contact your respective regulatory board using the information below.

State Medical Board of Ohio: http://med.ohio.gov/ForthePublic/ContactUs.aspx

Ohio Board of Nursing: http://www.nursing.ohio.gov/Contact.htm

Ohio State Dental Board: Phone: (614) 466-2580 / E-mail:

dental.board@den.ohio.gov

If you are a pharmacist, please refer to the following FAQ for pharmacists: www.pharmacy.ohio.gov/acuteFAQ.